

**Hearing Loss Prevention Training Kit** 

Center for Agricultural Health

gpcah.org

# **Hearing Loss Prevention Training Kit**

Introduction and Background for Trainer

# **Example Scripts**

- Scenario 1: Hearing loss prevention table display
- Scenario 2: Hearing loss prevention for elementary-aged youth
- Scenario 3: Hearing loss prevention curriculum for middle school youth
- Scenario 4: Hearing loss simulator

Kit Contents and Additional Materials Needed

Frequently Asked Questions with Answers

Presentation Checklist and Order Form

# Introduction

The Hearing Loss Prevention outreach kit was developed to help you present information that will guide farmers and youth on:

- 1) Why farmers should be concerned about noise-induced hearing loss (NIHL),
- 2) Which activities/environments involve hazardous noise exposures, and
- 3) What farmers can do to reduce noise exposure on the farm and/or prevent NIHL.

This kit was developed using findings from decades of research (see references), outreach materials created by the Great Plains Center for Agricultural Health (GPCAH) staff, and items created by other organizations dedicated to hearing loss prevention.

The following "train-the-trainer" introduction will help presenters understand what farmers can do to decrease their chances of experiencing noise-induced hearing loss and tinnitus.

# Background Information for Trainer

Noise-induced hearing loss results from damage to hair cells (cilia) in the inner ear. This type of hearing loss is usually caused by exposure to excessively loud sounds and cannot be medically or surgically corrected. Noise-induced hearing loss usually results from repeated exposure to loud sounds over a long period of time, but damage can also happen after a one-time exposure to a very loud sound (like fireworks or a gunshot).

A substantial proportion of Americans working in agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting are estimated to have hearing loss, although the reports of the actual prevalence ranges from 17% to 72% (Thelin et al. 1983, Beckett et al. 2000). Long-term exposures to loud sounds throughout one's working life can cause not only hearing loss and tinnitus (ringing in the ears that does not go away), but may also lead to high blood pressure, heart disease, stroke, heart attacks, reduced cognitive abilities, personal injury, anxiety, stress, depression, learning difficulties, and sleep disorders (Basner et al. 2014, Münzel et al. 2014).

Strategies to reduce the risk of developing hearing loss from workplace noise include reducing how long someone works in loud environments, reducing sound levels by maintaining equipment or enclosing critical noise sources, and, most commonly, wearing hearing protection devices (HPDs). In the Midwest, 72% of farm workers never or rarely use hearing protection (Carpenter et al. 2002). They use HPDs in high-noise environments only 29% of the time (McCullagh et al. 2016). Only 29% of young farm workers use hearing protection, even while 61% report ringing in the ears (Reed et al. 2006).

Knowing where sounds are loud and what to do to protect your hearing while engaging in tasks with loud exposures are both necessary to identify where preventive methods might work. Many motivated farmers receive classroom training on hearing protection (Kearney et al. 2015), but such classes have not effectively changed behavior (DeRoo and Rautiainen 2000). Consequently, knowledge gaps on hazard recognition and appropriate response persist (Cramer et al. 2016). The availability of HPDs close to highnoise areas has been associated with increased HPD use among farm workers (McCullagh et al. 2016); therefore, ensuring that farmers know what areas are "loud" and how to select and use hearing protection correctly is still necessary to help farmers make the healthy choice.

### Areas/activities that are associated with high noise levels include:

- Livestock buildings (especially pigs)
- Mowers
- ATVs
- Pressure washers
- Leaf blowers
- Tractors/other large equipment

- Power tools/shop
- Grain dryers
- Concerts
- Fireworks
- Gunshots
- Stock car races/tractor pulls

**Hearing Protection Devices** (HPDs) protect your ears by reducing the force of the sound waves reaching the inner ear. The best HPD for you is one that fits well and that you will consistently wear in high-noise environments. There are 3 main types of HPD:

- Formable ear plugs made of soft foam that must be rolled down to be inserted, then expands to block the ear canal
- Push-in ear plugs
- Earmuffs

In 2015, GPCAH staff surveyed 699 farmers from Midwestern states about their HPD use. We found that 52% of Midwestern farmers surveyed reported symptoms of noise induced hearing loss, and 33% reported regularly experiencing tinnitus (ringing in the ears). Barriers to HPD use included inconvenience, not having them when needed, uncertainty about when or how to use them, discomfort when wearing, short-duration task, and concerns about interference with useful sound. Facilitators for use included very loud noise or pain experienced, HPD clearly visible when going out for the day, recognizing that a task required hearing protection, reminders from a coworker or family member, accessible when needed, required by employers, and a general increased awareness about hearing loss and how to prevent it.

### **Training Scenarios**

We have developed four training scenarios on the topic of hearing loss prevention. The objective of each scenario is to inform farmers and their families about how to protect their hearing while working on the farm. For each scenario, we have listed the intended audience and the materials needed. Links are provided in the materials list when available. Advice on how to engage your audience, topics for discussion, and other pertinent details follow.

# Scenario 1: Hearing Loss Prevention Table Display

**Intended audience**: Farmers, farm family members

Materials/activities used (links provided in kit contents below):

- <u>3-panel display</u>
- Hearing loss prevention handouts
- <u>3M Roll Model device</u> with practice plugs
- Ear plugs to hand out

**Engagement:** The center panel of this display is usually what draws farmers to engage – they see the damaged corn field and come to look closer at it.

Ask: Do you know anyone with hearing loss?

**Follow-up:** Have you ever had ringing in your ears? Have things sounded muffled after you've been around loud noise for a while?

**Discussion:** Depending on their answers and interest, you can discuss the topics below. Before the person leaves, give them a pair ear plugs (if you have multiple styles, let them choose which type to take with them)

- How hearing loss affects daily life (left panel)
  - o difficulty hearing when there is background noise
  - o need to increase volume on radio or television louder than others
  - o lose the ability to hear certain sounds in speech
  - o constant ringing in the ears (tinnitus)
- Areas/activities on the farm that are high-noise and require hearing protection (right panel)
  - o ATVs
  - Mowers
  - Livestock
  - o Large farm equipment
  - Machinery, power tools
  - o Leaf blowers, chainsaws
  - Gunshots
- Prevention:
  - Limit time in loud environments when you can
  - Wear hearing protection when you must be in loud environments for longer than is safe
  - How to choose hearing protection
    - Discuss types of HPD
    - ➤ Store preferred HPD in areas of the farm where you will need it or store it in the vehicle you drive; the most important thing is to have it where you need it.
    - Emphasize that the best hearing protection is the one that fits you well and that you will wear consistently when needed



Example of a table display at the 2019 National FFA Convention

# Scenario 2: Hearing Loss Prevention (HLP) for Elementary Youth

Intended audience: Elementary-aged youth in classroom or at an Agricultural Safety Day event

Time required: 15-20 minutes

### Materials/activities used:

- Youth HLP presentation (with suggested script, if desired)
- Youth Hair cell model activity (uses 5-6 pipe cleaners per youth)
- Practice plugs
- 3M Roll Model device (optional)
- Youth HLP handout (optional)
- Ear plugs (one pair per youth) (optional)
- Youth HLP follow-up exercise worksheet (one per youth optional)
- Youth HLP Bookmark (one per youth optional)

This is a short class with fun slides, a suggested script, embedded video, and activities to reinforce concepts.

If take-home bags are provided to youth attending the event, good contributions include: <u>Youth HLP handout</u> with a pair of ear plugs + the <u>Youth HLP follow-up exercise</u> and/or <u>Youth HLP bookmark</u>.

# Scenario 3: Script and Activities for Middle School Youth

Intended audience: Middle school youth in the classroom, 4-H/FFA groups

Time required: 35-40 minutes

## Materials/activities used:

- Middle school HLP presentation (with suggested script, if desired)
- Middle school HLP activity sheets and supplies for chosen activity(ies)
  - Cup & String Telephone 2 cups, 10 ft string, scissors, pencil
  - Hair Cell Models marshmallows, angel hair pasta (alternative: use <u>Youth Hair cell model activity</u> instead, if clean-up is a concern requires 5-6 pipe cleaners per student)
  - Sound Scavenger Hunt personal electronic device, Decibel X app (free download), pencil

This is a short class with suggested script, embedded video, and 3 optional activities to reinforce concepts. Each activity has facilitator instructions followed by the student worksheet.

## Scenario 4: Hearing Loss Simulator

**Intended audience:** Adults and older youth, employees

#### Materials/activities used:

- NIOSH HLSim hearing loss simulator (free to download installed on PC): <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/mining/works/coversheet1820.html">https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/mining/works/coversheet1820.html</a>
- Noise-cancelling headphones (optional use if in area with a lot of background noise)
- Video containing background information and demo of the software (coming soon)
- HLSim Handout (Quick start guide)
- HLSim Activity sheet (optional)
- Sound files (farm related): https://gpcah.public-health.uiowa.edu/audio-recordings/



Hearing Loss Prevention

Young farmers have told us that experiencing what it would be like to live with noise-induced hearing loss may motivate them to use hearing protection more often. NIOSH has created a hearing loss simulator (HLSim) that allows them to do just that. The 10-minute video created by GPCAH will help you learn to use the key features of HLSim and provide background information and hearing loss prevention tips. You can also add any of the farm-related sound files (linked above) to the simulator. Our quick reference handout explains how to do this transfer.

HLSim can be used on its own in employee training, and it also makes a great addition to a table display at an event where you have space and electricity available.

# Kit Contents and Additional Materials Needed

All resources used in training scenarios (shown below) are found at:

https://gpcah.public-health.uiowa.edu/outreach-2/topics/hearing-loss-prevention/.

## Handout

Two-sided cards, 4x9"



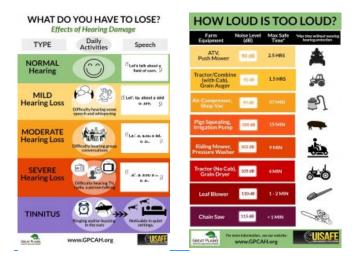
### **Bookmark**

Two-sided bookmark, 2x6" (lamination recommended)



## **Posters**

Single-sided 11x17" posters (English and Spanish)

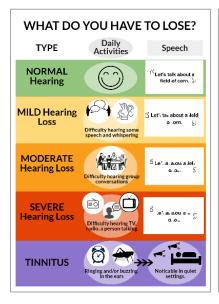


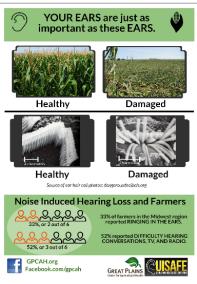


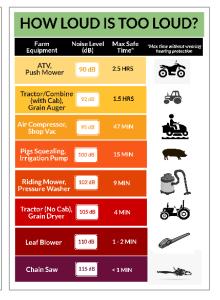


# Display for Hearing Loss Prevention (Scenario 1)

Three 24x36" single-sided panels







# Interactive Activities & Teaching tools

**HLSim Handout** 

**HLSim Activities** 

Middle School HLP Presentation

Middle School HLP Script

Middle School HLP Activities

Youth HLP Presentation

Youth HLP Script

Youth Hair Cell Model Activity

Youth HLP Follow-up Exercise

# Audio/Visual (links)



How to insert formable earplugs: LINK



Roll Model Activity: (coming soon)



How to conduct the hair cell activity: LINK



NIOSH Hearing loss simulator demonstration: (coming soon)

# Additional external resources

It's a Noisy Planet. Protect Their Hearing: <a href="https://www.noisyplanet.nidcd.nih.gov/">https://www.noisyplanet.nidcd.nih.gov/</a>

Dangerous Decibels program: <a href="http://dangerousdecibels.org/">http://dangerousdecibels.org/</a>

3M Roll model: <a href="https://www.3m.com/3M/en\_US/p/d/v100795051/">https://www.3m.com/3M/en\_US/p/d/v100795051/</a>

# Frequently Asked Questions

# Q: I already have NIHL. Do I still need to wear hearing protection in loud environments? Or "It's too late for me."

A: It is *never* too late to protect the hearing you have! Yes, you should wear hearing protection every time you are going to be in environments that are loud (>85 decibels) for longer than is safe for your ears (see "how loud is too loud").

# Q: Can I just turn my hearing aids off instead of using ear plugs or earmuffs?

A: No, turning off your hearing aids will not protect your ears from loud noises. You may not be able to hear the sound, but your ears are still being damaged. While hearing aids do go into your ears, they will not block loud noises like hearing protection devices (HPDs) do. Instead, protect your ears by wearing earmuffs (with or without your hearing aids), or take your hearing aids off and use earplugs when you are in loud environments.

### Q: How can I tell if I have the earplugs in correctly?

A: When earplugs are correctly seated in your ear canal, you will feel a seal form. There should only be a small amount of the earplug visible from the outside. If you can see a large portion of the earplug sticking out of your ear, there is not enough in the canal to block loud noises.

## Q: How will I hear problems with machinery/livestock if I am wearing hearing protection?

A: HPDs reduce the noise, not silence it completely. You can still hear the sounds around you, but at a safer level. Noise-induced hearing loss will cause greater problems with hearing the things you want to hear in the future if you do not protect your hearing in loud environments now.

### Q: Earplugs don't work for me – why should I wear them?

A: If your earplugs are the right size and properly inserted, they will work. If you are using formable (foam) earplugs, be sure you are rolling them as small as you can before inserting them into your ears. Reaching over your head and pulling up and back on your ear before placing them will also make it easier to get the earplugs inserted correctly.

# Q: Can I just use my noise-cancelling headphones for hearing protection?

A: That might work for some consistent background noises, but noise-canceling headphones would probably provide only a modest amount of protection. They can not protect your ears from abrupt changes to the sound environment. Additionally, many people end up increasing music volume to compensate for the sound that noise canceling headphones do not block, which can also lead to hearing damage.

### Q: What hearing protection should I get for my kids?

A: We recommend earmuffs for children under the age of 10. Young children have very small ear canals and rolling formable earplugs small enough to fit them is difficult. This results in poorly fitted earplugs, which gives a false sense of protection. Older youth can wear earplugs, but they will need repeated training on how to insert them correctly.

# Publications and websites with more details:

- Basner, M., W. Babisch, A. Davis, M. Brink, C. Clark, S. Janssen and S. Stansfeld (2014). "Auditory and nonauditory effects of noise on health." *The Lancet* **383**(9925): 1325-1332.
- <u>Beckett</u>, W. S., D. Chamberlain, E. Hallman, J. May, S.-A. Hwang, M. Gomez, S. Eberly, C. Cox and A. Stark (2000). "Hearing conservation for farmers: source apportionment of occupational and environmental factors contributing to hearing loss." *Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine* 42(8): 806-813.
- <u>Carpenter</u>, W. S., B. C. Lee, P. D. Gunderson and D. T. Stueland (2002). "Assessment of personal protective equipment use among Midwestern farmers." *American Journal of Industrial Medicine* **42**(3): 236-247.
- <u>Cramer</u>, M. E., M. J. Wendl, H. Sayles, E. Duysen and C. Achutan (2016). "Knowledge, Attitudes, and Practices for Respiratory and Hearing Health among Midwestern Farmers." *Public Health Nursing*. 34(4):348-358.
- <u>DeRoo</u>, L. A. and R. H. Rautiainen (2000). "A systematic review of farm safety interventions." *American Journal of Preventive Medicine* 18(4): 51-62.
- <u>Kearney</u>, G. D., X. Xu, J. A. G. Balanay, D. L. Allen and A. P. Rafferty (2015). "Assessment of personal protective equipment use among farmers in eastern North Carolina: a cross-sectional study." *Journal of Agromedicine* **20**(1): 43-54.
- McCullagh, M. C., T. Banerjee, M. A. Cohen and J. J. Yang (2016). "Effects of interventions on use of hearing protectors among farm operators: A randomized controlled trial." *International Journal of Audiology* 55(sup1): S3-S12.
- <u>Münzel</u>, T., T. Gori, W. Babisch and M. Basner (2014). "Cardiovascular effects of environmental noise exposure." *European Heart Journal* **35**(13): 829-836.
- Reed, D. B., S. R. Browning, S. C. Westneat and P. S. Kidd (2006). "Personal protective equipment use and safety behaviors among farm adolescents: gender differences and predictors of work practices." The Journal of Rural Health **22**(4): 314-320.
- <u>Leonard</u> S. and F.Gerr. Hearing protection never too early or too late, *lowa Farmer Today*, February 2015.
- Sprince N, Park H, Zwerling C, Lynch C, Whitten P, Thu K, Burmeister L, Gillette P, Alavanja, M (2003). Risk factors for animal-related injury among lowa large-livestock farmers: a case-control study nested in the Agricultural Health Study. *Journal of Rural Health*. 19(2): 165-73. [PMID: 12696853]
- Thelin, J., D. Joseph, W. Davis, D. Baker and M. Hosokawa (1983). "High-frequency hearing loss in male farmers of Missouri." *Public Health Reports* **98**(3): 268-73.
- CDC Noise-induced hearing loss: <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/nceh/hearing">https://www.cdc.gov/nceh/hearing</a> loss/default.html
- CDC Hearing loss in children: https://www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/hearingloss/noise.html
- NIOSH Occupational Hearing loss prevention: https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/noise/default.html

# Presentation Checklist and Order Form

### **MAKE YOUR OWN KIT**

### Scenario 1:

- 3-panel display
- Handouts
- Roll model with practice plugs
- o Ear plugs to hand out

### Scenario 2:

- Youth HLP presentation with script
- Youth Hair cell model activity (uses 5-6 pipe cleaners per youth)
- Practice plugs
- Roll model (optional)
- Youth HLP handout
- ear plugs (one pair per youth)
- Youth HLP follow-up exercise worksheet (one per youth optional)
- Bookmark (one per youth optional)

### Scenario 3:

- Middle school HLP presentation with script
- Middle school HLP activity sheets and supplies for chosen activity(ies)
  - Cup & String Telephone 2 cups, 10 ft string, scissors, pencil
  - Hair Cell Models marshmallows, angel hair pasta (alternative: use Youth Hair cell model activity instead, if clean-up is a concern – requires 5-6 pipe cleaners per student)
  - Sound Scavenger Hunt personal electronic device, Decibel X app (free download), pencil

# Scenario 4:

- PC with NIOSH HLSim hearing loss simulator installed
- Noise-cancelling headphones
- Video containing background information and demonstration of the software
- HLSim Handout/Quick start guide
- HLSim Activity sheet (optional)
- Sound files (farm related) downloaded and installed

ORDER ITEMS FROM GPCAH	
<ul> <li>Handout: Hearing loss among farmers         <ul> <li>Older woman</li> <li>Younger woman</li> <li>Earmuffs</li> </ul> </li> <li>Handout: Protect your ears (child)</li> <li>Handout: How to choose HPD (English / Spanish)</li> <li>Poster: What do I have to lose? (English / Spanish)</li> <li>Poster: How loud is too loud? (English / Spanish)</li> <li>Display: 3 panels</li> </ul>	# needed # needed # needed # needed/ # needed/ # needed/ # needed/ # needed/
Name:	
Institution:	
Mailing Address:	
Please fill out this order form, copy it, and paste it into an email to <a href="mailto:cph-">cph-</a> <a href="mailto:greatplainscenter@uiowa.edu">greatplainscenter@uiowa.edu</a> . Alternatively, you may call Marsha at (319) 335-6871. Thank you.	